

# Smart Electronics Act

How many consumer electronic devices do you have in your home or use on a daily basis? Electronic gadgets already account for about 15 percent of household electric consumption, and as these gadgets proliferate, their energy use continues to grow.

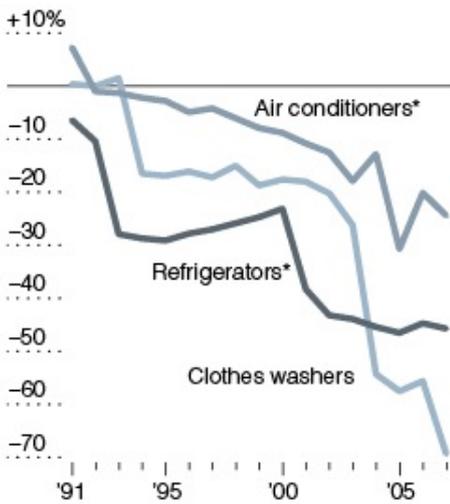
## Something must be done

The International Energy Agency (IEA) estimates that by 2030, new electronic gadgets will triple their energy consumption to 1,700 terawatt hours, the equivalent of the home electricity consumption of the US and Japan combined. According to the IEA, the international community will have to build over 15,000 wind turbines (or 200 nuclear power plants) to power all the TVs, iPods, PCs and other home electronics expected to be plugged in by 2030. The electric bill to power all household electronics will top \$200 billion a year, compared with last year's bill of \$80 billion. Most of this increase in consumer electronics will occur in developing countries, where economic growth is outpacing developed nations and ownership rates of gadgets are lowest.

This proliferation of electronic devices, if not made more energy efficient, will undermine efforts to increase energy security and reduce the emission of greenhouse gases responsible for global warming. The answer to this problem will not be found in stemming the tide of electronic gadget envy, because there is no way we will be able to do that. Instead, we must encourage the development of better devices that are built more efficiently and run on less energy.

**Many appliances are more energy efficient ...**

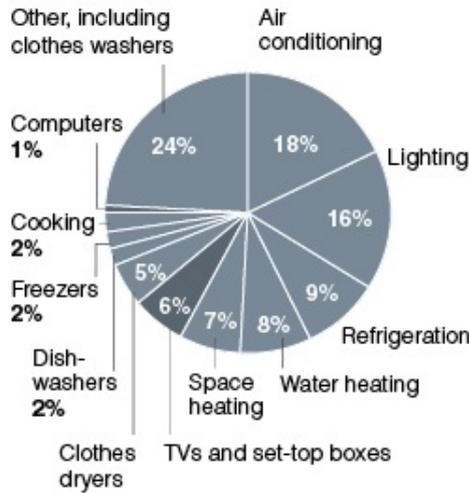
CHANGE IN ENERGY CONSUMPTION SINCE 1990



\*1998 data unavailable

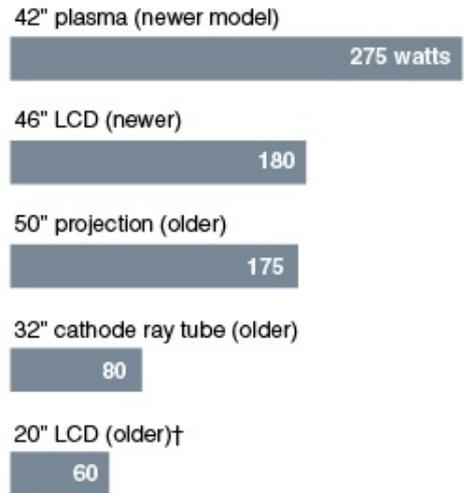
**... but homes have more gadgets than before ...**

AVG. U.S. RESIDENTIAL CONSUMPTION, 2005



**... and new TVs are bigger energy users ...**

EST. AVG. POWER USAGE FOR TV MODELS



†The technology is popular, but people usually b

Sources: International Energy Agency (per capita consumption and energy use by appliance); Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers (decrease in consumption for some ap

Multiple Choice Question: Which of the following is NOT a benefit of smart electronics? A) Energy efficiency B) Reduced energy consumption C) Increased energy consumption D) Smart electronics are more energy efficient than traditional electronics.